1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SETH A. STEVELMAN, SBN PENDING JEFFERY A. GROSS, SBN 228653 PROSKAUER ROSE LLP 2049 Century Park East, 32nd Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067-3206 Telephone: (310) 557-2900 Facsimile: (310) 557-2193 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, UNITED STATES D CENTRAL DISTRICT	
$     \begin{array}{r}       10 \\       11 \\       12 \\       13 \\       14 \\       15 \\       16 \\       17 \\       18 \\       19 \\       20 \\       21 \\       22 \\       23 \\       24 \\       25 \\       26 \\       27 \\       28 \\     \end{array} $	ANIMAL LEGAL DEFENSE FUND, a California corporation, CHIMPANZEE COLLABORATORY, SARAH BAECKLER, AMAZING ANIMAL ACTORS, INC., a California corporation, and JOHN ORTBALS, V. SIDNEY JAY YOST, an individual, and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, Defendants.	Case No. COMPLAINT FOR: (1) VIOLATION OF ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT, 16 U.S.C. § 1531 et seq.; (2) RECOVERY OF POSSESSION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY (3) CONVERSION (4) VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE § 17200 et seq.; (5) VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE § 17500 et seq.; (6) VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE § 17500 et seq.; (7) DECLARATORY RELIEF (8) WRIT OF POSSESSION DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Action Filed: November 18, 2005
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Plaintiffs Animal Legal Defense Fund, Chimpanzee Collaboratory, Sarah
 Baeckler ("Baeckler"), Amazing Animal Actors, Inc. ("AAA"), a California
 corporation, and John Ortbals ("Ortbals") (together "Plaintiffs") bring this
 Complaint against Defendant Sidney Jay Yost ("Defendant" or "Yost"), and Does 1
 through 50 ("Does 1-50"), and each of them, and allege as follows:

#### **INTRODUCTION**

7 Defendant Sidney Jay Yost ("Yost") is in possession of four 1. 8 chimpanzees, who he uses in television and motion picture productions, and for 9 public and private demonstrations. He repeatedly beats these chimpanzees with 10 sticks. As a matter of routine, he punches them with his fists. He regularly taunts 11 them and intimidates them. He harasses and injures them. He has been doing this 12 for many years, and continues to do it on an ongoing basis. Yost carries on this 13 egregious conduct as part of a business which - in contrast to the indisputable abuse - claims its chimpanzees have been "affection trained with love, respect, and 14 positive reinforcement." 15

16 2. Chimpanzees suffer emotional and physical pain "just as we do and 17 often for the same reasons." Roger Fouts, On the Psychological Well-Being of Chimpanzees, 1 Journal of Applied Animal Welfare Science 65 ("Psychological 18 19 Well-Being of Chimpanzees"), 69 (1998). Indeed, chimpanzees engage in higher 20 level cognitive behavior, including rational and conceptual thought, problem-21 solving, creative thinking and strategizing. See, e.g., S. Savage-Rumbaugh, D. 22 Rumbaugh and Boysen, Symbolic communication between two chimpanzees (pan 23 troglydytes), Science 201, 641-44 (1978); B.T. Gardner & R.A. Gardner, Two-Way 24 Communication with an Infant Chimpanzee, Behavior of Nonhuman Primates, Vol. 25 4 (1971). When faced with abuse, they respond like humans subjected to abuse. 26 They cry and scream, and utter sounds with distinct meanings. Jane Goodall, The 27 *Chimpanzees of Gombe: Patterns of Behavior* 125 (1986). They are aware of

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1 themselves and others as distinct individuals. R. Fouts and S.T. Mills, Next of Kin 2 ("Next of Kin") 155 (1997) (chimpanzees express understanding of humans' 3 distress, physical pain and anger); J. van Hooff, Understanding Chimpanzees 276-4 84 (1994). Their social relations with one another and with humans are wide-5 ranging and complex. William Karesh, Appointment at the Ends of the World: 6 Memoirs of a Wildlife Veterinarian 299 (1999); Psychological Well-Being of 7 Chimpanzees, 69. It is virtually undisputed that "chimpanzees have emotions 8 similar to those which in ourselves we label pleasure, joy, sorrow, boredom and so 9 on." See Goodall, p. 118; see also Next of Kin 155 (chimpanzees expressing 10 sadness, pleasure). Thus, when they are beaten or abused, they suffer pain and 11 psychological harm.

12 3. Some of the chimpanzees Yost has abused over the years have been 13 seen in popular films and television shows, and he has often brought them to parties, 14 exhibitions and commercial establishments. On several occasions, the chimpanzees 15 in Yost's possession have bitten members of the public. Although Yost knows that 16 all such bites must be reported, he urges those bitten, as well as those who work 17 with him, not to report any bite.

18 4. One example of the level of cruelty perpetrated by Yost was his 19 treatment of Apollo, one of the chimpanzees still in his possession. On at least one 20 occasion, Apollo was subjected to a prolonged beating with a thick, cane-shaped stick. Yost first had a coworker beat Apollo with the stick; when she got tired, Yost 21 22 began beating Apollo until he broke the stick over Apollo's back.

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5. Another example of Yost's brutality was his of vicious treatment Teá, a baby chimpanzee who was in Yost's possession. Yost beat baby Teá so badly, with 24 25 a lock, that he split her head open, causing a deep cut on her eyebrow that required 26 stitches. Afterwards, Teá became extremely timid and frightened.

6. Yost also has had devices he called "hot shots." These are handheld

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electric sticks with two diodes, like a cattle prod. As part of his "training" of the
 chimpanzees, Yost would use these devices to shock the chimpanzees, causing them
 to scream in pain.

4 7. By this action, Plaintiffs seek redress for Yost's violent, brutal, 5 unjustified and excessive abuse of animals; his unlawful conversion and 6 embezzlement of two chimpanzees as well as other animals and assets; and unlawful 7 business practices. Plaintiffs seek an order pursuant to the Endangered Species Act 8 ("ESA") and its implementing regulations declaring Yost's treatment of the animals 9 in his possession unlawful and enjoining him from continuing to violate the ESA 10 with respect to the animals in his possession. Under the ESA and California Penal 11 Code 597 (the California anti-cruelty statute), Plaintiffs also seek an order enjoining 12 Yost from further harming, harassing, beating, wounding, and injuring any animals, 13 including the chimpanzees currently in his possession and control.

14 8. Based on his long history of abuse of the Chimpanzees and other 15 animals, Plaintiffs also seek an injunction removing the chimpanzees and all other 16 animals from Yost's possession and control. Plaintiffs seek the return of AAA's 17 chimpanzees, and an order requiring Yost and his agents to cease all activities in 18 which Yost exercises control over the animals he has been abusing. Plaintiffs also 19 seek injunctive relief ordering Yost to return all other property that he unlawfully 20 converted from AAA, including animal cages, a Canon camera, and funds totaling 21 approximately \$50,000.

## THE PARTIES

9. Plaintiff Animal Legal Defense Fund ("The Fund") is a non-profit
corporation founded in 1979 to protect the lives and interests of animals through the
judicial process and enforcement of laws, and through the provision of information
to others desiring to protect the lives and interests of animals. The Fund has
approximately 100,000 members nationwide, including lawyers, law professors, law

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students, and other similarly-interested individuals. Its members have viewed and
 continue to view the chimpanzees Yost exhibits in film, television and live and
 public entertainment. The Fund's members, being aware of the abuse these
 chimpanzees have suffered, are distressed when they view these chimpanzees. By
 seeing these chimpanzees, who are beaten and injured by Yost, the Fund's members
 suffer ongoing aesthetic injury.

7 10. Plaintiff Chimpanzee Collaboratory is a collaborative project of 8 attorneys, scientists, and public policy experts working to establish greater 9 protections for chimpanzees and other great apes. Its members have viewed and 10 monitored and continue to view and monitor the chimpanzees Yost exhibits in 11 screen and public entertainment. As experts with respect to chimpanzee behaviors 12 and physiology, its members have a special interest in seeing these chimpanzees 13 treated properly, and a specialized understanding of the effects of the treatment 14 perpetrated by Yost on the chimpanzees. Its members have viewed and continue to 15 view the chimpanzees Yost exhibits in film, television and live and public 16 entertainment. The Collaboratory's members, being aware of the abuse these 17 chimpanzees have suffered, are distressed when they view these chimpanzees. By 18 seeing these chimpanzees, who are beaten and injured by Yost, the Collaboratory's 19 members suffer ongoing aesthetic injury

2011. Plaintiff Sarah Baeckler ("Baeckler") is a primatologist and was, at all relevant times, a resident of California. Ms. Baeckler worked with the chimpanzees 21 22 at issue when they were in the possession of AAA. As a result, she formed a strong, 23 personal attachment to these animals. She personally witnessed Yost, and those in 24 concert with Yost, abuse the animals and physically and brutally beat them, which 25 caused and continues to cause damage and injury to Baeckler and the chimpanzees. 26 Baeckler would like to see and spend time with these chimpanzees again and would 27 attempt to do so if the chimpanzees were relocated. She plans on visiting the

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1 chimpanzees as soon as possible, but is unwilling to do so because she would suffer 2 aesthetic injury from seeing the chimpanzees in the possession of Yost because of 3 Yost's continuous mistreatment of them.

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Plaintiff Amazing Animal Actors, Inc. ("AAA") is, and at all relevant 12. times hereto was, a California corporation with its principal place of business in California. AAA is the sole owner of two chimpanzees named Cody (previously known as Budd) and Sable, as well as other animals in Yost's possession. AAA suffered economic injury because of Yost's conversion of the chimpanzees.

9 13. Plaintiff John Ortbals ("Ortbals") is, and at all relevant times was, a 10 resident of California. Mr. Ortbals currently is the President and owner of AAA. 11 Ortbals has worked with all of the animals who are owned by AAA, including the 12 two chimpanzees who Yost currently possesses illegally. As a result of his work 13 with the animals, he has formed a strong, personal attachment to them. He saw 14 Yost, and those in concert with Yost, abuse the animals and physically and brutally 15 beat them, which caused and continues to cause damage and injury to them. He 16 would like to see and spend time with these animals again. He also would like to 17 visit the animals, including the chimpanzees, but is unwilling to do so because he 18 would suffer aesthetic injury from seeing all of them in the possession of Yost 19 because of Yost's continuous mistreatment of them. In addition, as the owner of 20 AAA, he has suffered and continues to suffer economic and non-economic harm as 21 a result of Yost's abuse of the animals and Yost's theft of AAA's assets, including 22 the animals.

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14. Defendant Sidney Jay Yost ("Yost") is an individual who at all relevant 24 times conducted business in and maintained a residence in California. Yost purports 25 to be a "trainer" of exotic animals, including chimpanzees, for use in television and 26 motion picture productions, and for public and private demonstrations. His 27 "training techniques" – which he attempts to pass on to those working with him –

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1 consist of regular and repeated beatings of the various animals

2 15. Plaintiffs are unaware of the true names and capacities of the 3 defendants named herein as Does 1 through 50, inclusive, and therefore sue said 4 Doe defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs are informed, believe, and 5 thereon allege that each of the fictitiously-named defendants is responsible in some 6 manner for the occurrences herein alleged and that Plaintiffs' damages were 7 proximately caused by such defendants. Plaintiffs will seek leave to amend this 8 complaint to allege said defendants' true names and capacities, together with such 9 other allegations as are appropriate, when they are ascertained.

10 16. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that each 11 of the defendants is, and at all relevant times was, the agent of the other defendants 12 in performing the acts alleged. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe, and on 13 that basis allege, that each of the defendants has pursued a common course of 14 conduct and aided and abetted one another to accomplish the acts alleged and each 15 therefore is legally responsible for the acts of the other.

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#### VENUE AND JURISDICTION

17 17. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 1391(b) 18 because defendant Yost resides within this District and a substantial part of the 19 events and omissions giving rise to this claim occurred within this District. 20 18. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 21 Sections 1331 (federal question), 1367(a) (supplemental jurisdiction), 2201 22 (injunctive relief), and 16 U.S.C. Section 1540(g) (Endangered Species Act citizen suit provision). 23

19. As required by 16 U.S.C. Section 1540(g), Plaintiffs have furnished
notice to Yost and to the Fish and Wildlife Service and the Secretary of the Interior
regarding the violations alleged in this complaint more than sixty days prior to the
filing of this action. The Secretary of the Interior has not commenced an action to

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1	impose a penalty pursuant to 16 U.S.C. Section 1540(a) to redress the violations			
2	alleged herein. The United States has not commenced a criminal action in a court of			
3	the United States or any State Court to redress the violations alleged herein. A copy			
4	of this letter is attached hereto as Exhibit A.			
5	RELEVANT FACTS			
6	Amazing Animal Actors			
7	20. AAA is a California corporation that was incorporated in 2001.			
8	21. At the time of its incorporation, AAA was located at 4584 N. Ventura			
9	Avenue, Ventura, California, 93001. Up until May 2002, the various animals of			
10	AAA, including the chimpanzees, were housed at this address in Ventura,			
11	California.			
12	22. In or around May 2002, AAA relocated to 10950 Citrus Drive,			
13	Moorpark, California, 93021. At this time, the animals were transferred from			
14	Ventura, California to the "Bony Pony Ranch" in Malibu, California. The address			
15	was 12555 Yerba Buena Rd., Malibu, CA 90265. Soon thereafter, AAA itself			
16	relocated to the Bony Pony Ranch.			
17	23. After its incorporation, AAA acquired ownership of a variety of exotic			
18	animals, including:			
19	i. Three chimpanzees named Sable, Cody, and Teá;			
20	ii. A male African lion named Jabari;			
21	iii. A female Bengal tiger named Taja;			
22	iv. A female Harris hawk named Nike;			
23	v. An Albino Burmese python;			
24	vi. A Leopard gecko;			
25	vii. Two red-tail Boa Constrictor snakes;			
26	viii. Multiple tarantulas;			
27	ix. Multiple scorpions; and			
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1 Multiple King Snakes x. At all times, all of these animals were the property of, and owned by, AAA. 2 3 24. Other assets acquired by AAA after its incorporation and before 2004 included various animal cages, including large cages for the chimpanzees, and a 4 5 Canon XLIS Camera. 6 AAA's Relationship with Defendant Yost 7 In 2001, AAA hired Yost as an independent contractor to serve as an 25. 8 animal trainer. At the time, Yost owned two chimpanzees of his own – Apollo and 9 Angel – and a Harris hawk. Upon information and belief, the Harris hawk owned 10 by Yost died in 2002. 11 26. Yost was never an owner or incorporator of AAA and his name never appeared on any of the company documents; rather, he was an independent 12 13 contractor who simply was a trainer of the animals. 14 27. AAA compensated Yost based on a percentage of revenue that AAA generated each time that Yost worked on a job or service that AAA was hired to 15 16 perform. Examples of various jobs and services included: private parties where 17 AAA would bring along its various animals for demonstrations; functions for public viewing; animal "encounters" where members of the public would pay a fee to visit 18 19 with and spend time with AAA's various exotic animals; animal exhibits; use of the 20 animals in television programs, commercials, or motion picture productions; and 21 other public exhibitions of the animals. The funds received from these jobs would 22 be deposited into AAA's private business checking account, from which Yost would 23 be paid. 24 The Chimpanzees 25 28. In 2002, AAA acquired three chimpanzees from the Coulston 26 Foundation, a primate research facility in Alamogordo, New Mexico. Under the 27 arrangement with the Coulston Foundation, a private individual would sponsor a 28

chimpanzee by making a "donation" to the Coulston Foundation and then ownership
 of the sponsored chimpanzee would be transferred to AAA.

- 3 29. Through these sponsorship agreements, AAA acquired three 4 chimpanzees: Sable, Cody, and Teá. Per the sponsors' agreements with the 5 Coulston Foundation, ownership of these chimpanzees was transferred from the 6 Coulston Foundation to AAA. The relevant documents signifying the transfer of 7 ownership of these three chimpanzees are attached to the Complaint as Exhibit A. 8 30. These chimpanzees who are owned by AAA, as well as Apollo and 9 Angel (the chimpanzees owned by Yost), have been or still are often part of 10 television programs and major motion pictures. For example, some of the 11 chimpanzees at issue have appeared in various television series, including "Meet My 12 Folks," "The Gong Show," "Judge Brown," "Candid Camera," "The Craig Kilborn 13 Show," as well as programming on the "Animal Planet" network. In addition, they 14 have appeared in television commercials, photo shoots for various magazines, and at 15 private parties.
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#### **Defendant Yost's Vicious Treatment Of The Animals**

17 31. Yost has consistently made false representations that he "[a]ffection 18 [t]rains" the chimpanzees (and all animals) "with love, respect and positive 19 reinforcement [that] produces animals that enjoy learning and working." In fact, 20 throughout his time as an independent contractor with AAA, and continuing today, 21 Yost has brutally and viciously mistreated, and continues to brutally and viciously 22 mistreat, all the animals owned by AAA. During his time at AAA, Yost has also 23 encouraged other individuals, including various trainers and volunteers of AAA, and 24 plaintiffs Sarah Baeckler and John Ortbals, to physically hit and beat the animals. 25 Upon information and belief, these beatings and mistreatment continue to take 26 place.

27 28 32. The abuse and mistreatment toward the chimpanzees is extensive and

1	longstanding. This brutality includes:		
2		i.	Beatings with various hard objects such as sticks, pieces of
3			metal, broom handles, handles of a hammer, and copper rods.
4		ii.	Punches with closed fists, and kicks to the head, back and
5			arms. At times, Yost uses all his strength and puts his whole
6			body into each blow to the chimpanzees.
7		iii.	Throwing hard objects, such as rocks, sticks, rubber mallets or
8			skateboards, at the chimpanzees' heads or backs. According
9			to Yost, one should aim for the head because "it is really
10			sturdy."
11		iv.	Yost and others would hit the chimpanzees on the head with a
12			metal lock, causing the chimpanzees to scream and rub their
13			heads in pain.
14		v.	Viciously beating the chimpanzees with a broom handle, often
15			swinging the handle in a full-power, baseball swing motion,
16			causing the chimpanzees to scream in agony.
17		vi.	Use of a device called a "hot shot." This device was a
18			handheld electric stick with two diodes, like a cattle prod.
19			Yost would use it to shock the chimpanzees, causing them to
20			scream in pain.
21		vii.	Taunting and various forms of intimidation, including constant
22			verbal abuse.
23		viii.	In order to get the chimpanzees to stand upright, Yost would
24			grab the chimpanzees by the ears and lips and forcibly pull
25			them up on their feet, causing the chimpanzees to scream in
26			pain.
27		ix.	When the chimpanzees would run away from Yost, he would
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1	run after them and then drag them by their ears and lower lips			
2	back to their cages.			
3	x. In order to encourage the chimpanzees to "smile," Yost would			
4	forcibly stick his fingers in the chimpanzees' mouths, forcing			
5	the edges of their lips to spread into a "grin."			
6	xi. To get the chimpanzees to lie down, Yost would grab the			
7	chimpanzees by their lower lips, pull them forward by their			
8	lip, and then push them down until they were lying on their			
9	back. This would often cause the chimpanzees to scream and			
10	whimper in pain.			
11	33. Yost would encourage others who worked with him and with AAA –			
12	either trainers or volunteers – to be aggressive and to beat the chimpanzees. He			
13	would encourage others to "get angry and beat the st out of them" if they			
14	misbehaved.			
15	34. Yost told his training students to have an attitude that if "one of [the			
16	chimpanzees] messes with you, you nail them." When referring to one of the			
17	chimpanzees, Yost would say "you cannot hurt her. Hit her as hard as you can.			
18	Kick her in the face."			
19	35. Defendant Yost's abuse of the chimpanzees is so prevalent that the			
20	chimpanzees often will scream when Yost approaches. In addition, when terrified			
21	or nervous, the chimpanzees would huddle together and rock back and forth in a			
22	crouched position, a sign of extreme stress.			
23	36. Yost once brutally beat up the chimpanzee "Apollo" with a thick cane.			
24	Yost hit Apollo so hard that the cane eventually broke. Yost punched Apollo			
25	repeatedly with all his strength. After the beating, Apollo was huddled up and			
26	screaming and his face was extremely puffy.			
27	37. Yost once brutalized Teá so badly that she had a deep, long cut on her			
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eyebrow, requiring stitches. As a result, Teá became extremely timid, frightened
 and withdrawn.

3 38. Yost also would viciously beat other animals, including Jabari, the
4 African lion cub. Upon information and belief, Yost once took a cane and hit Jabari
5 across the face.

G 39. Upon information and belief, Yost has been brutalizing chimpanzees
for many years, and continues to do so on an ongoing basis. Yost's brutality
towards these chimpanzees – as well as other animals in his possession – is in
violation of the Endangered Species Act and its implementing regulations; the
California animal cruelty statutes, California Penal Code section 597 *et seq.*, as well
as the federal Animal Welfare Act.

# 12 Yost's Theft, Embezzlement And Fraud

40. Much of the income for AAA came from public appearances with the
animals, including the chimpanzees, and encounters with members of the public.
Yost stole and embezzled much of this income from AAA throughout his
relationship with AAA. For example, Yost would take money that was paid to AAA
for "animal encounters" or "trainer for a day" programs and instead of giving that
money to AAA, he would keep it himself. Yost embezzled up to \$5,000 per month
from AAA.

41. In the summer of 2003, Yost suddenly demanded full control of AAA.
He demanded that AAA's then-President, Paul Ortbals, step down and hand over the
company and all its assets to him. Yost threatened Paul Ortbals with physical harm
if he did not comply. In addition, Yost stated that if the company did not turn
everything over to him, he would "take all the assets and leave Paul with all of the
debt."

42. When Paul Ortbals refused, Yost began a systematic course of conduct
whereby, without express or implied permission, he began taking the assets of AAA

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1	for himself. Upon information and belief, he quickly formed a new company of his			
2	own, Amazing Animal Productions, Inc. ("AAP"). He then began to siphon away			
3	the assets of AAA and transfer them illegally to AAP. Upon information and belief,			
4	in late 2003, Yost op	ened a business account in the name of AAP and illegally		
5	transferred the balance	ce of AAA's business account – approximately \$16,000 – to the		
6	new AAP account wi	thout the permission of AAA or anyone associated with AAA.		
7	43. In additi	on, upon information and belief, Yost unlawfully deposited the		
8	following checks that	t were made out to AAA into AAP's business account:		
9	i.	A check from Wanda J. Acuna to AAA, dated November 5,		
10		2003 in the amount of \$150.00;		
11	ii.	A check from Bensur Advertising to AAA, dated November		
12		13, 2003, in the amount of \$4640.00;		
13	iii.	A check from Expertcity.com to AAA, dated November 20,		
14		2003, in the amount of \$1,150.00;		
15	iv. A check from Imara Shaw to AAA, dated December 21, 2003,			
16		in the amount of \$600.00;		
17	v.	A check from ACPD, Inc. to AAA, dated December 17, 2003,		
18		in the amount of \$2,300.00; and		
19	vi.	A check from Bacara Resort Services, Inc., dated December		
20		23, 2003, in the amount of \$3,000.00.		
21	44. Upon information and belief, Defendant Yost also issued new invoices			
22	to AAA's customers requesting that payment now be made to AAP and not to AAA.			
23	As a result, the following payments that were due to AAA were wrongfully made to			
24	AAP instead:			
25	i.	A check issued to AAP from Kristina M. Torres, dated		
26		December 2, 2003 in the amount of \$467.50;		
27	ii.	Payment to AAP from Brad Levine on or about December 15,		
28		13		
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1	2003 in the amount of \$5,780.00; and		
2	iii. Wire transfer to AAP from MGM Home Entertainment on or		
3	about December 17, 2003 in the amount of \$1,734.00.		
4	45. Upon information and belief, Yost threatened and forced Tobin Dunlea,		
5	then Vice-President of AAA, to write checks on behalf of AAA to AAP and to Yost.		
6	46. Upon information and belief, Yost would personally forge the signature		
7	on AAA's business checks without any authorization from anyone at AAA.		
8	47. In January 2004, Yost physically took all of the animals who were		
9	owned by AAA and located at the Bony Pony Ranch in Malibu, California,		
10	including the chimpanzees Sable, Cody and Teá, and moved them to San		
11	Bernardino, California – to a ranch called "Jungle Exotics" located at 16215 Cajon		
12	Blvd, San Bernardino, California 92407. Upon information and belief, the animals		
13	currently reside at this address. In addition, Yost took all of the cages that belonged		
14	to AAA to hold the animals, and also took a Canon camera.		
15	48. Upon information and belief, Yost, in concert with Does 1 through 50,		
16	currently is in the wrongful possession of two chimpanzees, an African lion, a		
17	Bengal tiger, a Harris hawk, and a Leopard gecko, as well as other various reptiles,		
18	tarantulas, scorpions and snakes who are owned solely by AAA.		
19	49. Yost has refused to return these animals to AAA despite a request by		
20	AAA to do so.		
21	50. In June 2004, Jack Bergman ("Bergman"), Teá's sponsor when she was		
22	transferred from the Coulston Foundation to AAA, took possession of Teá away		
23	from Yost and returned her to AAA. Thereafter, AAA, in conjunction with		
24	Bergman, transferred ownership of Teá to a chimpanzee sanctuary.		
25	51. Despite AAA's request, Yost has refused to return any of AAA's		
26	animals to AAA, their rightful and legal owner.		
27	First Cause of Action For		
28	14		
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1	Violation of the Endangered Species Act 16 U.S.C. § 1531 <i>et seq.</i>		
2	52. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference each and every		
3	allegation contained in this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.		
4	53. In enacting the Endangered Species Act ("ESA"), the United States		
5	Congress declared that the "United States has pledged itself as a sovereign state in		
6	the international community to conserve to the extent practicable the various species		
7	ofwildlifefacing extinction." 16 U.S.C. § 1531(a)(4). One of the ESA's		
8	express purposes is to "provide a program for the conservation ofendangered		
9	species and threatened species." 16 U.S.C. § 1531(b).		
10	54. The ESA defines an "endangered species" as "any species which is in		
11	danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range." 16 U.S.C.		
12	§ 1532(6). A "threatened species" is one that is in danger of becoming "an		
13	endangered species within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant		
14	portion of its range." 16 U.S.C. § 1532(20).		
15	55. Captive chimpanzees are classified as threatened species under the		
16	ESA. 55 Fed. Reg. 9129; 41 Fed. Reg. 45993.		
17	56. Pursuant to 16 U.S.C. Section 1533(d), the United States Fish and		
18	Wildlife Service has prohibited the "taking" of any threatened species. 50 C.F.R. §		
19	17.31.		
20	57. The ESA defines the term "take" to include "harass, harm, pursue,		
21	hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such		
22	conduct." 16 U.S.C. § 1532(19). The term "harm" includes an act which "kills or		
23	injures" an endangered or threatened animal. 50 C.F.R. § 17.3 The term "harass"		
24	includes an "intentional or negligent act or omission which creates the likelihood of		
25	injury [to an endangered or threatened animal] by annoying it to such extent as to		
26	significantly disrupt normal behavioral patterns which include, but are not limited		
27	to, breeding, feeding, or sheltering." 50 C.F.R. § 17.3		
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58. Threatened species are subject to the special rulemaking provisions of
 16 U.S.C. § 1533(d). Section 1533(d) provides that "[w]henever a species is listed
 as a threatened species pursuant to section (c) of this section, the Secretary shall
 issue such regulations as he deems necessary and advisable to provide for the
 <u>conservation of such species</u>." 16 U.S.C. § 1533(d) (emphasis added).

59. Section 9 of the ESA also prohibits any person from violating any
regulation promulgated by the Secretary pursuant to the ESA that pertains to any
endangered species or threatened species. 16 U.S.C. § 1538(a)(1)(G).

9 60. As set forth herein, Yost has taken, abused, harmed, harassed, beaten,
10 brutalized, and wounded a threatened species (i.e. the Chimpanzees) in violation of
11 the ESA. If not enjoined by this Court, Yost will continue to do so.

12 61. Pursuant to 16 U.S.C. § 1540(g), Plaintiffs have furnished notice to
13 Yost and to the Secretary of the Interior regarding the violations alleged herein more
14 than sixty days ago. The Secretary of the Interior has not commenced an action to
15 impose a penalty pursuant to 16 U.S.C. § 1540(a) to redress the violations alleged
16 herein. The United States has not commenced a criminal action in a court of the
17 United States or any State Court to redress the violations alleged herein. A copy of
18 this letter is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

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# Second Cause of Action for Specific Recovery

20 62. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation contained in
21 this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

22 63. Plaintiff AAA has a right to immediate repossession of all its assets,
23 including all of the animals (including the chimpanzees) as set forth herein ("AAA's

24 Property"), that are in Yost's wrongful possession.

25 64. Yost has no right to possession of any of AAA's Property, all of which26 is legally owned by AAA.

65. All of AAA's Property is wrongfully being detained by Yost in San

1 Bernardino, California.

2 66. AAA made demand on Yost to return all AAA's Property in Yost's 3 possession and/or under his control before this action was filed, but Yost refused to 4 do so.

5 67. AAA has sustained damages as a result of the wrongful detention of 6 AAA's Property, including all of its animals, by Yost in an amount to be determined 7 at trial.

8

#### Third Cause of Action For Conversion

9 68. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation contained in this Complaint as if fully set forth herein. 10

11 69. At all material times hereto, Plaintiff AAA was, and still is, the legal owner of AAA's Property and has a right to immediate possession of that property. 12

13 70. Beginning in or about January of 2004, Yost absconded with AAA's 14 Property. By doing so, Yost wrongfully interfered with AAA's interests in AAA's 15 Property by wrongfully taking possession and/or control of it for their own use.

16 71. AAA has demanded that Yost return AAA's Property to AAA that 17 currently is in his possession and/or under his control before this action was filed, 18 but he refused to do so.

19 72. Yost has failed and refused, and continues to fail and refuse, to return 20 possession of AAA's property to AAA. Yost has converted AAA's Property to his 21 own use and benefit thereby damaging AAA and its business in an amount 22 according to proof.

23

73. As a result of Yost's and Does 1 through 50's acts of conversion, 24 Plaintiffs John Ortbals and AAA have suffered and will continue to suffer severe 25 harm, including the lost use and companionship of the animals, lost revenues and 26 profits that are generated by the exhibition of the animals, and lost opportunities for 27 developing and retaining business. Yost and any later-named Doe defendants and

COMPLAINT

1	each of them have unfairly and unlawfully obtained economic benefits as a result of			
2	their conduct, which must be disgorged and reinstated to Plaintiffs.			
3	74. AAA is further entitled to compensation for the time and money			
4	expended in pursuit of the property.			
5	75. In taking AAA's Property, Yost's conduct was deliberate, willful,			
6	intentional, and oppressive, as Yost acted with fraud and malice in order to injure			
7	and destroy AAA's business and its ability to compete in the marketplace. Such			
8	actions were and are despicable and have been carried on by Yost in conscious			
9	disregard of AAA's rights. In light of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are entitled to an			
10	award of punitive and exemplary damages against Yost in an amount to be proven.			
11	Fourth Cause of Action For Violation of			
12	California Business and Professions Code Section 17200, et seq.			
13	76. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference each and every			
14	allegation contained in this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.			
15	77. Yost's conduct, as alleged above, constitutes unlawful, unfair, and/or			
16	fraudulent business practices in violation of Business and Professions Code § 17200			
17	et seq. This conduct includes violations of (1) the Endangered Species Act and its			
18	implementing regulations, (2) the California animal anti-cruelty statutes, California			
19	Penal Code section 597 et seq., (3) the federal Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. §§			
20	2131 et seq., (4) conversion, and (5) California Business and Professions Code §			
21	17500 et seq. for false advertising.			
22	78. Plaintiffs Ortbals and AAA have suffered harm and have lost both			
23	money and property as a result of Yost's violation of California Business and			
24	Professions Code § 17200 et seq. Ortbals has worked and interacted with all of the			
25	animals owned by AAA who Yost currently possesses illegally, as well as other			
26	animals currently in Yost's possession, including the four chimpanzees. As a result,			
27	Ortbals has formed a strong, personal attachment to these animals.			
28	18			

1 79. Plaintiff Ortbals saw Yost, and those in concert with Yost, abuse the animals and physically and brutally beat them, causing damage and injury to them. 2 3 Ortbals has suffered harm in part because of his unwillingness to participate in the 4 cruelty and abuse perpetrated by Yost on the chimpanzees.

5 6

80. Plaintiff Ortbals, as the sole owner of AAA, and AAA also have suffered and continue to suffer economic and non-economic harm and have lost 7 money and property as a result of Yost's conduct. Yost's abuse of the animals as 8 well as his unlawful conversion of the animals and assets of AAA, including Cody 9 and Sable, has reduced the value of AAA significantly and deprived AAA and 10 Ortbals of their lawful assets.

11 81. As a direct and proximate result of Yost's wrongful acts, Plaintiffs 12 Ortbals and AAA have suffered and will continue to suffer substantial pecuniary losses and irreparable injury, including financial loss as well as damage to their 13 14 business reputation and goodwill. As such, remedy at law is not adequate to 15 compensate for injuries inflicted by Yost. Accordingly, Ortbals and AAA are 16 entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief.

17 82. By reason of Yost's wrongful acts, as alleged above, Ortbals and AAA 18 are and were, and will be in the future, deprived of the profits and benefits of 19 ownership of AAA's Property, and Yost has wrongfully obtained such profits and 20benefits in an amount to be determined.

Yost and any later-named Doe defendants and each of them have 21 83. 22 unfairly and unlawfully obtained economic benefits as a result of their conduct, 23 which must be disgorged and reinstated to Plaintiffs.

24 Fifth Cause of Action For Violation of California Business and Professions 25 Code Section 17500, et seq.

26 84. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation contained in 27 this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

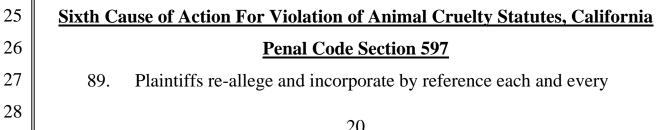
COMPLAINT

85. Defendant Yost has made, and continues to make, false and misleading
 statements in connection with promoting and advertising his services, in violation of
 California Business and Professions Code Sections 17500 *et seq.* Yost's conduct
 has likely misled, and will continue to mislead, members of the public and
 consumers, as well as Plaintiffs.

6 86. Yost has falsely represented, and continues to represent, that he "affection trains" animals "with love, respect and positive reinforcement" and that 7 8 such training "produces animals that enjoy learning and working." However, as 9 alleged herein, Yost does not treat animals in the way he advertises. To the 10 contrary, Yost brutalizes the animals under his control by beating them with sticks 11 and punching them with his fists, among other methods. Members of the public, 12 including the Plaintiffs, have been and will continue to be deceived by Yost's false 13 and misleading representations about his so-called "training" techniques.

14 87. Yost also has falsely represented, and continues to represent, that his
15 "training" techniques allow the animals, including the chimpanzees to be "safe and
16 comfortable in human surroundings." Yet, on several occasions, the chimpanzees in
17 Yost's possession have bitten members of the public. Furthermore, although Yost
18 knows that all such bites must be reported, he urges those bitten, as well as those
19 who work with him or have worked with him, to keep any of these bites from ever
20 being reported.

88. By reason of Yost's wrongful acts, as alleged above, he has wrongfully
obtained profits and benefits in an amount to conform to proof at trial. Plaintiffs
seek restitution and a return of all moneys obtained by Yost through this wrongful
conduct.



1 allegation contained in this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

2 90. California Penal Code Section 597 makes it unlawful for any person to
3 maliciously and intentionally maim, mutilate, torture, or wound a living animal.
4 Section 597 embodies the strong public policy of the State of California that cruelty
5 to animals should be prevented and prohibited within the State's borders.

6 91. The routine beating, harassment and abuse, as well as the absence of
7 sanitation and disease control, and the failure to provide appropriate veterinary care,
8 has caused and continues to cause unnecessary pain and suffering to the
9 chimpanzees under Yost's custody and control.

92. The routine beating, harassment and abuse, as well as the absence of
sanitation and disease control, and the failure to provide appropriate veterinary care,
constitutes torture of the chimpanzees under Yost's custody and control.

13 93. Thus, as described herein, Yost now and in the past has been
14 responsible for cruel treatment of animals resulting in unjustified physical pain and
15 suffering, in violation of California Penal Code section 597.

94. Plaintiffs request injunctive relief to cease the acts of abuse and
mistreatment alleged herein and an order compelling Yost to relinquish custody and
control of the animals in his possession.

19

## Seventh Cause of Action For Declaratory Relief

20 95. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation contained in
21 this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

96. An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between Plaintiffs and
Defendant Yost concerning their respective ownership rights to AAA's Property,
including all of AAA's assets, animals, and chimpanzees. AAA contends that it is
entitled to sole possession of all of AAA's Property, including the animals and the
chimpanzees. Yost refuses to return to AAA all of its property in his possession
and/or under his control.

COMPLAINT

1	97. AAA requests a judicial determination of its ownership rights and right			
2	to possession of all its assets, including the animals and chimpanzees discussed			
3	herein.			
4	<b>Eighth Cause of Action For Writ of Possession</b>			
5	98. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference each and every			
6	allegation contained in this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.			
7	99. At all material times hereto, Plaintiff AAA was, and still is, the legal			
8	owner of two chimpanzees, Cody and Sable, and has a right to immediate			
9	possession of them.			
10	100. Plaintiff AAA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Cody			
11	and Sable are still in Defendant Yost's unlawful possession and/or under his control.			
12	Yost took possession of Cody and Sable in January 2004 and moved them to San			
13	Bernardino, California, away from AAA, in order to assert control over them for his			
14	own personal benefit.			
15	101. Defendant Yost has absolutely no ownership interest in Cody or Sable			
16	and thus has no right to retain possession of them at all.			
17	102. Plaintiff AAA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Cody			
18	and Sable are located at 16215 Cajon Boulevard in the city of San Bernardino,			
19	California.			
20	103. Plaintiff AAA has demanded that Defendant Yost return Cody and			
21	Sable to AAA but he refused to do so.			
22	104. Plaintiff AAA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the			
23	value of Cody and Sable is \$35,000 each. Furthermore, Cody and Sable are easily			
24	identifiable as each of them has an identification tattoo on their inner thigh – 6691			
25	for Cody and 6556 for Sable.			
26	105. The chimpanzees were not taken from AAA for a tax, assessment or			
27	fine pursuant to a statute or seized under an execution against AAA's property.			
28	22 COMPLAINT			

<ul><li>2 action for a money judgment.</li><li>3 and they hereby reserve those</li></ul>	Ind John Ortbals are not proceeding in this cause of However, their rights and remedies are cumulative, rights and remedies, individually and collectively, al, including the right to proceed at any time to a face due on the agreement.
3 and they hereby reserve those	e rights and remedies, individually and collectively, al, including the right to proceed at any time to a
	al, including the right to proceed at any time to a
4 statutory as well as contractua	nce due on the agreement.
5 money judgment for the balan	
6 107. By reason of the	foregoing, AAA is entitled to immediate possession of
7 the chimpanzees Cody and Sa	ble. Plaintiffs pray for judgment as hereinafter set
8 forth.	
9	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
10 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs req	uest the following relief:
11 1. An order declaring	that Defendant Sidney Yost's treatment of the animals
12 in his possession, in	cluding the chimpanzees, violates the ESA, and that
13 statute's implement	ing regulations;
142. An order enjoining	Defendant Sidney Yost from continuing to violate the
15 ESA, and that statut	e's implementing regulations, with respect to the
16 animals in his posse	ession;
173. An order enjoining	Defendant Sidney Yost from purchasing, receiving,
18 transporting in inter	state commerce, harming, harassing, and "taking" any
19 animals, including a	ny chimpanzees;
204. An order declaring	that Defendant Sidney Yost's treatment of the animals
21 in his possession, in	cluding the chimpanzees, represents cruelty to animals
22 in violation of Secti	on 597 of the California Penal Code;
235. An order enjoining	Defendant Sidney Yost from continuing to violate the
24 California Penal Co	de with respect to the animals in his possession;
256. An order enjoining	Defendant Sidney Yost from beating, wounding, and
26 injuring any animal	s, including the chimpanzees;
277. An order enjoining	Defendant Sidney Yost from possessing any animals;
28	23
	COMPLAINT

1	8. An order stating that AAA is entitled to immediate possession of all its			
2	assets, including all of the animals and specific chimpanzees discussed			
3	herein, that currently are in the possession and/or control of Defendant			
4	Yost, and that Yost has no ownership right or any right of possession over			
5	any of those assets, including the animals and chimpanzees;			
6	9. Damages according to proof;			
7	10.Punitive damages;			
8	11.An order for pre-judgment writ of possession pursuant to California Code			
9	of Civil Procedure, §§ 514.010 through 514.050;			
10	12. Prejudgment interest as permitted by law on all sums awarded;			
11	13. Reasonable costs and expenses, including attorneys' fees according to			
12	proof at trial; and			
13	14. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.			
14				
15	DATED: November 18, 2005 SETH A. STEVELMAN			
16	JEFFERY A. GROSS PROSKAUER ROSE LLP			
17				
18	Seth A. Stevelman			
19	Attorneys for Plaintiffs			
20	r ttorneys for Fluitting			
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28	24			
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1	JURY DEMAND		
2	Plaintiffs hereby demand a jury trial on all applicable claims.		
3	Plainting hereby demand a jury that on an applicable claims.		
4			
5	DATED: November 18, 2005	SETH A. STEVELMAN JEFFERY A. GROSS	
6		JEFFERY A. GROSS PROSKAUER ROSE LLP	
7			
8		Seth A. Stevelman	
9 10		Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
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